

GREEK

MassJCL 2009

DO NOT BEGIN until you are told. Starting early is considered cheating. If you are caught cheating, you will be asked to leave the testing session, and **ALL** of your results for this exam will be voided.

Be sure to use a **#2 PENCIL**. If you do not have one, the exam proctor(s) will provide you with one.

PLEASE PRINT LEGIBLY:

1. Write your **NAME** on the line that says 'Name'.
2. Write **GREEK** on the line that says 'Subject.'
3. On the line that says 'Period', write the **LEVEL OF LATIN** in which you are currently enrolled. Choose $\frac{1}{2}$, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6.
4. Write the **NAME OF YOUR SCHOOL** in the 'Date' section. Abbreviate as **LITTLE** as possible. Boston Latin Academy and Boston Latin School students **ESPECIALLY** need to make sure their school name is clear.

IF YOU DO NOT UNDERSTAND, ASK A PROCTOR FOR HELP.

1. Put the following letters in alphabetical order:

A. θ, η, ι, ζ

B. ζ, η, θ, ι

C. ι, ζ, η, θ

D. ζ, θ, η, ι

2. To what does the word ελληνικά refer?

A. A favorite dish of rich Greek families

B. Achilles' cousin who met an untimely death

C. The Greek language

D. King Agamemnon's pet dog

3. κῆρυξ, κήρυκος, ὁ belongs to what declension?

A. Omicron

B. Consonantal

C. Alpha

D. Omega

4. κῆρυξ, κήρυκος, ὁ is the word for _____.

A. Herald

B. Messenger

C. Angel

D. Young boy

5. Transliterate the following word: Τροία

A. Trola

B. Trola

C. Troia

D. Troia

6. What is the case of οἱ ἄνθρωποι?

A. Nominative

B. Genitive

C. Dative

D. Accusative

7. Which direction did the vast majority of Greek temples face?

A. East

B. North

C. Towards the nearest coast

D. Towards Olympus

8. The Thracian slave who lived on Samos and established the genre of fables was _____.

A. Homer

B. Aesop

C. Hesiod

D. Alcaeus

9. Which of these is not a mood for a verb?

A. Indicative

B. Subjunctive

C. Middle

D. Optative

10. What's the difference between σ and ζ?

A. They are the same letter and can be used interchangeably based on personal preference

B. They are the same letter, but one is used at the end of a sentence

C. They are two completely different letters

D. They are the same letter, but one is used at the end of a word

11. What part of speech is νέος?

A. Preposition

B. Noun

C. Adjective

D. Adverb

12. What does ἀρετή mean?

A. Fish

B. Stipulate

C. To farm

D. Excellence

13. πέμπω, _____, □□ἔπεπφα, πέπομφα, πέπεμμαι, ἐπέμφθην□□. Fill in the future principal part of the verb.
 A. πέμπα B. πεπέμπω C. πέμψω D. πέμπσω
14. οὔσα□ is the nominative feminine singular present participle of what verb?
 A. εἰμί B. ἤκω C. ἔχω D. λύω
15. In Greek, what is the capital letter for ν?
 A. V B. H C. N D. Π
16. What is the lower case form of the Greek letter Η?
 A. h B. v C. η D. θ
17. Ψ- Name that letter!
 A. Xi B. Pi C. Psi D. Phi
18. What is the name of the man who must eternally roll a boulder up a hill?
 A. Erebus B. Tantalus C. Sisyphus D. Ixion
19. When was the battle of Thermopylae?
 A. 326 BC B. 490 BC C. 480 BC D. 480 AD
20. What was the name of the method of inquiry Socrates developed?
 A. *Elenchos* B. *Ethos* C. Critical D. Questioning
21. Who was ruler of Sparta when the first major battle of the Peloponnesian War was fought?
 A. Lysander B. Menelaus C. Archidamus D. Leonidas
22. Who fought during the battle at Thermopylae?
 A. Athens and Sparta B. Sparta and Persia
 C. Persia and Athens D. Corinth and Thebes
23. The third principal part of -ω verbs is used to form the _____.
 A. Present infinitive B. Perfect tense C. Future participle D. Aorist tense
24. Which character from *The Iliad* is followed in the sequel to the story?
 A. Priam B. Hector C. Odysseus D. Achilles
25. What part of speech is οὐδέποτε?
 A. Preposition B. Noun C. Adjective D. Adverb
26. ὁ μὲν στρατιώτης τὴν σκηνὴν ἤησεν, ὁ δὲ στρατηγὸς τὸ στρατόπεδον. What did the general do?
 A. Chose the tent B. Chose the field C. Captured the field D. Demanded a tent

27. What is the meaning of παύω?
- A. Stop B. Forbid C. Send D. Have
28. What did the Greeks call themselves?
- A. οἱ Ἕλληνες B. ὁ Δοῦλος C. τὰ Ἑλλά D. ἡ Ψυχή
29. Transliterate θυμός.
- A. Tymos B. Tvmos C. Thumos D. Thymos
30. What is the definition of the Greek word in the above sentence?
- A. Spirit B. Happiness C. Sadness D. Pride
31. What is the 2nd person singular imperfect of εἶμι?
- A. ἦσαν B. εἶ C. ἦτε D. ἦσθα
32. What is the number of the verb in a sentence with a neuter plural noun as subject?
- A. Singular B. Plural C. Dual D. Multiple
33. The word θυμός was at the core of whose philosophy?
- A. Plato B. Aristotle C. Hades D. Socrates
34. ἦσαν οἱ ἵπποι τοῖς ἀνθρώποις. What is the syntax of τοῖς ἀνθρώποις?
- A. Dative indirect object B. Nominative of possessor
B. Dative of possessor D. Dative of means
35. ἐθέλουσι (v) is what person and number?
- A. 1st pl. B. 3rd sing. C. 3rd pl. D. 2nd pl.
36. Which philosopher is known for having never written down any of his theories?
- A. Socrates B. Plato C. Aristotle D. Odysseus
37. Who wrote down his theories?
- A. Socrates B. Plato C. Aristotle D. Odysseus
38. ὁ στρατηγὸς ἐνόμιζεν τοὺς βάρβαρους τοὺς ἵππους ἥρπασαν. What type of construction is demonstrated here?
- A. Relative conditional clause B. Indirect statement
C. Definite temporal clause D. Indirect question
39. If βουλεύω means *I plan*, then συμβουλεύω means _____.
- A. I plan against/plot B. I plan to C. I plan for D. I plan with/advise

40. Put the following in order: λ, μ, ν, κ
A. κ, ν, μ, λ B. ν, μ, κ, λ C. κ, λ, μ, ν D. μ, ν, λ, κ
41. μάχει is the second person singular of what verb?
A. μάχω B. μάχομαι C. μαχέω D. μαχεῖμι
42. What or who existed at the beginning of time, according to the Greek creation myth?
A. Aether B. Chaos C. Eros D. Gaia
43. Which god/goddess was attached to Zeus' thigh until Zeus 'gave birth' to him/her?
A. Dionysus B. Hermes C. Athena D. Hephaestus
44. Where was Cyrene?
A. Turkey B. Mainland Greece C. Coast of Africa D. Coast of the Black Sea
45. What does γεωργέω mean?
A. I till B. Farmer C. Eagle D. I write
46. What does εὐφωνία mean?
A. Bad voice B. Happiness C. Good voice D. Wind
47. Form the 2nd person plural future middle indicative of πείθω.
A. πειθόμεθα B. πείσεσθε C. πεισεῖ D. πείθεσθε
48. βασιλεία, βασιλείας, ἡ means:
A. King B. Woman C. Prince D. Kingdom
49. In other dialects of Greek besides Attic, double σ replaces certain other double consonants. Knowing this, what is the English meaning of the word that θάλασσα replaces?
A. River B. Land C. Sea D. Boat
50. What was the *heliaea*?
A. A court B. An assembly of generals
C. A cult D. The cavalry regiment